

Supporting pupils with ADHD.

1. Use a visual timeline so that the pupil knows what they are meant to be doing right

now and what they will need to do next.

- 2. Use a timer to provide a visual cue for how long to do something for.
- 3. Break work times into a series of short bursts punctuated with breaks that offer

opportunities to move. Try to offer a variety of short, varied activities.

4. Offer flexible seating arrangements; allow standing up to work, changes in seat or

sitting on the carpet. A 'wobble cushion' of under the desk leg exerciser can be really

helpful.

- 5. Limit distractions: offer the use of a privacy board to limit visual stimuli.
- 6. Structure playtime so that the pupil has a defined purpose with let of opportunities

to let of steam.

7. Provide a range of sensory tangles or fiddles for the pupil to use during teacher talk.

It is important that this is part of a sensory diet.

- 8. Offer support for planning tasks and organisation: photographic or written checklists, flow charts and writing frames can be really useful.
- 9. Develop a special signal so that the child knows if they are interrupting too much and/or upsetting others in the classroom.

- 10. Offer frequent, specific praise/instant rewards for the positive behaviours that you see. Personalised reminders of expected behaviours should be in view at all times.
- 11. Break instructions into small steps. A 'talking tin; could be used to record them so that the child can play them back as many times as is needed.
- 12. Ask the child what works for them.

